DEFECTS IN REFORM BILLS. CRITICISMS URGED BY THE GOVERNOR.

THE MEASURES TO BE RECALLED-LEGISLATION FOR THE FINAL WEEK OF THE SESSION. FROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.1

ALBANY, May 11.—Governor Cleveland has discovered defects in the New-York reform bills of the Roosevelt Investigating Committee which compel

him to refuse his signature to the bills. It is understood that Mr. Roosevelt will ask the Assembly to-morrow night to recall the measures from the Governor for amendment. Quick work will have to be done. The Legislature adjourns on Friday at noon. Still such bilis can be dealt with "privileged motions" and all other measures can therefore be set aside under the rules in order that they may be considered. They all passed by large majorities and no opposi-tion is anticipated. Still there is a large mass of legislation to be considered, and many country members will be vexed by having their own bills displaced in order that the New-York bills may be considered. Mr. Roosevelt will have to exercise a good deal of diplomacy to extricate his bills from their unfortunate position.

THE SURROGATE BILL LOOSELY DRAWN. The Governor has laboriously inspected il of the bills. He has affixed a memorandum to the bills stating their defects. Wheeler H. Peckham, who drew most of the bills, has been requested by the Governor to come here and shape proper amendments, as well as explain certain features of the bills. The most defects were found in the bills concerning the Surrogate and Register. Thus, the Surrogate bill was evidently drawn up by some one who had a code in his hands relating to the entire State. In most counties the Surrogate is authorized to travel about from place to place taking testimony; but this is unnecessary in New-York County, where the county limits are the same as the city. Yet this provision is in the bill.

OBJECTIONS TO THE REGISTER'S BILL. The measure in regard to the Register has the erious defect of applying only to the successor of the present Register. After his term of office should expire the present state of affairs in the Register's office would be resumed. That is, Register Reilly's successor would receive a salary of \$12,000 and surrender all his fees to the city, whereas the next succeeding Register would not receive any salary, but would pocket all the fees, as Register Reilly does. Unfortunately the word "successor" and not "successors" has been used in the act. There are defects in the acts relating to the Sheriff and County Clerk which it is said will render necessary their return olso to the Legislature for amendment.

THE PUBLIC WORKS REPORT. To-morrow night the Senate Committee on Cities will present their several reports on the result of their investigation of the Department of Public Works of New-York. Senators Gibbs, Lansing and McCarthy, Republicans, will present a report cen-McCarthy, Republicans, will present a report cen-suring Commissioner Thompson; Senator Daggett, Republican, a report whitewashing Mr. Thompson; and Senators Thacher, Daly and Cullen, Democrats, a report declaring that the Department of Public Works is honestly and efficiently administered by Commissioner Thompson. This state of affairs is pleasing to John Keenan and others who have been watching Mr. Thompson's interests here, and who are especially anxious to prevent any majority re-port against Mr. Thompson.

CIVIL SERVICE IN CITIES.
Senator Gilbert will present to the Senate early in the week the report of the conference committee on the City Civil Service bill. The bill is in precisely the shape in which it passed the Senate, when it rechape in which it passed the Senate, when it received 25 affirmative votes. It is not believed that any one of the Senators who voted in the affirmative will dare to change his vote, the bill not having been modified in the slightest particular. More resistance to a confirmation of the Conference Committee's report is anticipated in the Assembly. Then the fact that the Senate has brought all the cities of the State under the operations of the Civil Service act may provoke opposition from some of the Assemblymen from counties in which the smaller cities are situated.

Before the week is ended the Governor will have to make his decision on the Broadway Arcade Railroad bill. It is anticipated that several new street railways companies who desire to put street railways in streets in New-York city will be incorporated here during the present week.

WORK TO BE DONE THIS WEEK.

WORK TO BE DONE THIS WEEK. The Assembly has about 150 bills on the order of third reading. By persistent industry all can be read. Little legislation of importance now remains to be done. On Wednesday it is thought that the testified that her husband beat and kicked her in the to be done. On Wednesday it is thought that the Governor will make a large number of nominations. Governor will make a large number of nominations. There will be nominated, it is said, candidates for Health Officers of New York, Harbor Masters, Port Wardens, a Commissioner of Erugration and Quarantine Commissioners. Why the Governor should have delayed to so late an hour to make nominations for these offices is a mystery. The terms of most of them expired many months ago. The Legislature will have little time to learn the qualifications of the candidates.

INSURANCE IN MASSACHUSETTS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Boston, May 11 .- From the annual report of Insurance Commissioner Tarbox in relation to fire and marine insurance for 1883, it appears that six compani have retired during the year, leaving in the State 191 companies. Of these ninety-three are from other States and twenty-eight from foreign countries. The cash capi-tal is \$53,155,300, an increase of \$2,362,000 over 1882. The fire losses paid were \$4,480,797, against \$3,446,076 The fire losses paid were \$4,480,797, against \$3,440,076 in 1882. The marine losses paid were \$2,170,139, a small decrease from the figures of the previous year. The report declares that more than one-tenth of the fires in Massachusetts originate from defective chimneys. The stockholders of fire insurance companies in other States have realized in the past ten years an average annual dividend of 12,33 per cent, and the stockholders in Massachusetts companies 38 per cent.

A PRIEST ROBBED OF \$13,000. IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

FORT WORTH, Tex., May 11.-To-night an Italian Roman Catholic priest. J. Casimier, from Chicago Los Angeles, was robbed of \$13,000 at the Union depot in this city. At Dallas he got out, and at a lunch stand displayed his money when he paid for his lunch He was noticed by three men, who afterward tried to He was noticed by three men, who afterward tried to scrape up an acquaintance on the train. Just as he reached the Union depot they pushed up against him and one jerked the money out of his pocket and escaped. Casimier followed the men, telling of his loss to the depot watchmen. The men were not found, but just as the train was starting he saw the robbers jump aboard it and erfed out, but too late. By the use of the telegraph it was discovered that a man jumped from the train just beyond this city. The money was mostly in \$1,000 bills.

SEEKING TO BE RID OF HER HUSBAND.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. VINTON, Iowa, May 11 .- Jesse Mower, age twenty-three, and Mrs. Belsinger, his auni, age fifty-five, have been arrested near Mount Auburn, in this county, charged with shooting Alexander Beisinger, the woman's husband. The woman waived examination. Mower had an examination, but there was no evidence to connect m with the shooting. He was then arrested on a charge of threatening to shoot Belsinger. A conspiracy between the wife and nephew to get the old man's property and rid themselves of him is thought to have existed. Nearly two years ago he was induced to deed forty acres of his farm to his nephew, supposing he was signing a will to take effect at the death of himself and his wife. Bel-singer will probably get wall.

A REPLY TO "THE BREAD-WINNERS."

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CLEVELAND, May 11 .- The recent anonymous novel "The Bread-Winners" caused much un-favorable comment among the laboring classes in Cleveand. Martin A. Foran, member of Congress from this district, was elected as a representative of the labor element, and soon after the publication of the book he ment, and soon after the pulmeation of the book as became deeply interested in it. For six menths past he has been devoting his leisure moments to a novel of Cleveland life, which he intends to publish as a sort of a reply to "The Bread-Winners," in the hope of placing the latoring classes in a new light before the people. His peval is now nearly ready for the press.

A FIGHT FOR A BRIDGE.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNG. WINNIPEG, Man., May 11.—Advices from Emerson report a sanguinary engagement between the cit-teens and a party of men headed by Dean Westbrook. The built the from bridge at himerson, but the town

could not raise the money to pay them, and they seized the bridge. The citizens opposed their attempts to levy tolls, whereupon the draw was swung out and the con tolls, whereupon the draw was swing our and tack was tractors retained possession. On Friday an attack was organized and all available boats were secured. The fleet bore down on the bridge and a fierce struggle ensued, in which the citizens were victorious. Several narrow escapes from drowning occurred. The key was thrown into the river, and the draw remains open.

AN OLD MURDER RECALLED.

A DEATH-BED CONFESSION IN MISSOURI OF FRA-TRICIDE.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. St. Joseph, Mo., May 11 .- About thirty years ago Samuel Wetherton, a young man, the son of a promient citizen living in Ray County, about fifty miles from St. Joseph, went out hanting. The next day his remains were discovered under a tree less than a half mile from his father's home. He was dead, with a bullet hole through his head. Living near the Wetherton's awas a family of Poluters. Both were old families, well to do, and had lived in that region for years. The day young Wetherton was killed old man Pointer and his son "Harry" were out hunting. The old man and his son were arrested and tried for the murder of young Wetherton. The trial ereated great excitement. It was proved that the Pointers and the Wethertons were not friendly. The trial was exciting and prolonged. The evidence was circumstantial, but not strong enough to convict, and the old man his son were discharged. This aroused the people, and it was with difficulty that old man Pointer was saved from mob violence. He was compelled to leave the country. For a short time the people were wild, and the judge, the lawyer for the defence, Major

wild, and the judge, the lawyer for the defence, Major Mordecal Oliver, now Recorder of St. Joseph, and the jury were threatened. Soon afterward old man Pointer died, it is said of a broken heart, and his family afterward lived an isolated life.

Samuel Wetherton had a brother Francis, two years older than himself, who was the prime mover in prosecuting Pointer. He drifted about, working as a farm hand all over the country. A few months ago a man full fifty years of age, giving his name as Francis Wetherton, applied at the farm-house of John Singleton, iving in Davess County, this State, near Jameson, for work. He was employed and made a good, steady hand. He was morose, despondent, completely broken in spirit and wretched. About a week ago he was taken suddenly ill and grew rapidly worse. A few days ago his physician informed him that there was no hope for him. A few hours later he called the Singleton family to his hedside and confessed that he was the murderer of his brother, whom he killed for jealousy and for a few dollars in money his brother had upon his person. He gave a detailed account of the erime of thirty years ago and how he tried to put it on Pointer.

The fellow said his life had been one of great misery on Pointer.

The fellow said his life had been one of great interry and suffering. He had scarcely closed his narrative when he closed his eyes forever.

A JERSEY BULL IN POLITICS.

DATE AND A NEWSPAPER MAN.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] ATLANTA, May 11.-A Jersey bull has well righ raised political revolution in Emory Speers's old Congressional district. Some time ago, Hiram P. Bell, formerly a Democratic Congressman from that district. became the possessor of a fine animal and was thus making himself popular among the rural voters. Isaac 8. ting nimser popular among the time transfer of the Emory Speer school, in the various election contests which have taken place in the IXth District has rendered himself peculiarly bnoxious to Mr. Bell, and since the defeat of the latter four years ago the bitterest feeling has existed between them. Not long ago, Mr. Bell's fine Jersey was found perforated with five bullet holes and the act was attributed to a negro in the employ of Mr. Clements. In some way the opinion became general that Mr. Clements had instigated the crime and some person swent so far as to say that it was done at his positive command. The feeling between the two men was thus intensified. But finally they were brought together and led to sign a treaty of peace, the articles of which were: first, Mr. Clements deuted any knowledge of or responsibility for the shooting of the bull; seennd, Mr. Bell asserted that his remarks were based upon the belief at the time, that Clements had such knowledge; and, third, both parties state that, having accepted the expressions of regret in as sincere a manner as they were tendered, mutual concessions being made as to other past differences, the matter ends. tributed to a negro in the employ of Mr. Clements. In matter ends.

Mr. Bell will now resume his canvass for the Democratic nomination of IXth District.

INDIGNANT AT H. L. MASON'S ACQUITTAL.

HE IS ADVISED TO LEAVE HIS HOME IN PITTSFIELD, NEW-HAMPSHIRE. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Boston May 10 .- Some of the people of Pittsfield, N. H., appear to be greatly incensed because of the acquittal a few days ago of Harold L. Mason, who was tried for the murder of his brother-in-law, Panson "liton. The testimony went to show that Mason hased a revolver and went to Tilton's house to exrestified that her husband beat and kicked her in the most brutal manner and compelled her to seek shelter elsewhere. The jury acquitted Mason, and on Saturday evening a largely attended public meeting was held at Pittsfield, where 'l'ilton was extoiled as a great and good man and the jury and judge denounced for acquitting Mason. One of the resolutions was as follows:

"We advise Harold L. Mason to seek some other place than Pittsfield as his abode for the remainder of his days on earth and to locate as far from this town as the kindness of his friends and the extent of his own pecuniary resources will carry him."

A WITNESS KILLED BY MOONSHINERS.

THOMAS DUSKEN SHOT AND BEATEN TO DEATH IN POANE COUNTY, W. VA. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

WHEELING, W. Va., May 11 .- Thomas Dusken, an important witness against the moonshiners re-cently arrested in Roane County, W. Va., was killed on Tuesday evening by unknown persons. He was grub-bing in a field on the farm of John Thompson, in company with another one, Van Elmore. They were at work in a lonely spot, when the loud report of a gun was heard. and Dusken dropped to the ground, crying out, "Lord have mercy, I am shot." Elmore upon locking around saw a puff of smoke from behind an overhanging bush on side of the mountain. He started toward Thompson's house for assistance, leaving Dusken lying where he had fallen. After Dusken lying where he had failen. After He had only proceeded a short distance when he heard pitcous groans. Supposing they came from Dusken he did not return, but kept on to Thompson's house. When Elmore returned he found Dusken dead, his skull having been beaten to a jelly. It was evident that the murderer or murderers had returned, and upon finding Dusken still airte klijed him with a cligh. There is no doubt that the deed was committed by moonshiners.

PREFERRING DEATH TO A WIFE'S BLOWS.

AN INTOXICATED HUSBAND ATTEMPTING SUICIDE BECAUSE HE WAS BEATEN. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Salisbury, Md., May 11 .-- Considerable excitensnt was caused yesterday in a little village near here by the antics of John Wright. Coming home intoxicated in the evening he assaulted his wife, and was knocked down and badly beaten for his pains. He ran out of the house, and when found was standing in a neighboring duck pend, up to his neck in water. He declared that he was pend, up to his neck in water. He declared that he was only following out a promise once made to himself that he would kill himself if he was ever beaten by a woman. He was dragged out of the water by force. As soon as he was left alone he went to a barn and deliberately hanged himself to a ratter with his auspenders. When discovered life was nearly extinct, and it took an hour to resuscitate him. He was then brought here and locked up in the county jail for disorderly conduct. He is now ill in bed and decidedly more inclined to compromise the matter with his wife.

PERE HYACINTHE RECALLED TO FRANCE. CHICAGO, May 10 .- Pere Hyacinthe and his

wife arrived from Madison yesterday, and are the guests of E. B. Washburne. He starts for New-York to-morrow, and will at once sail for France, being recalled by the formal notice of a decree by Fresident Grevy, legalizing his church in France.

SALMON FRESH FROM OREGON.

PORTLAND, Oregon, May 11,-A car-load of 20,000 pounds of fresh salmon was shipped Friday night from Dallas, Oregon, to New-York, the first that has ever been shipped from this State to that city. The time consumed in transit will probably not exceed nine days.

KILLED BY THE BURSTING OF A BOILER. East Saginaw, May 11 .- The boiler in the salt works of Green, Ring & Co., Saginaw City, exploded yesterday afternoon, wrecking the works, fatally injuring John Clute, the fireman, and seriously injuring Frank wilson. One or two other persons were slightly hurt. The damage to the works is estimated at \$5,000.

A HALF CENTURY OF GERMAN METHODISM. BALTIMORE, May 11 .- The German Methodists celebrated to-day the fiftieth anniversary of the | de-

founding of the first German Methodist Church in this eity. The congregations and choirs of all the churches united in the services and sincing. An address was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Dinger. The celebration took place at the First German Church on Broadway.

THE EGYPTIAN CONFERENCE.

RELATIONS OF FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

* NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MAY 12, 1884.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

READING PAYNE OUT OF THE PARTY. AN OHIO DEMOCRAT SUGGESTS THE CLEVELAND SENATOR'S NAME TO THE REPUBLICANS.

IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CLEVELAND, May 11.-Henry B. Payne remains a silent man in regard to the Presidency. Mayor John F. Farley was Payne's manager in the contest for the Senatorship, and ought to be well-informed as to Payne's present position. Mr. Farley to-day said that he had given the Morrison bill, and the outlook in the campaign for the Presidency, no attention. "I will say, however," he added, "that Mr. Payne is not a candldate for President, and there is no necessity of considering him in the contest. His name will not be pre-sented to the convention."

L. A. Russell, a prominent Democrat, said: "The action of the House on the Morrison bill will bring to the front a man of the Morrison stamp. Bayard is, I think, the strongest Democrat in the party, and I believe he will be the choice of the convention. As to Mr. Paynethere is not the slightest hope for him. Only forty-one of the Democrats in the House were disloyal enough to bolt the cancus and vote with the Republicans. These forty-one ought to have their heads out off. Those from Ohlo are Payne hirelings, but they and their candidate will be sat down upon from this time on. Now, in my opinion, it would be perfectly consistent for the Republican party to nominate H. B. Payne for President. He advocates Republican ideas, not Democratic, and it would be far more consistent for him to lead the Republicans than to be put at the head of the Democratic tleket. Even Randall would be a consistent nominee for the Republicans but neither he nor Paine is a Democrat." L. A. Russell, a prominent Democrat, said: "The action

IGNATIUS DONNELLY FOR CONGRESS.

St. PAUL, May 11 .- Ignatius Donnelly, the author of "Atlantis" and "Ragnarok," and formerly a member of Congress from Minnesota, has been named by several Democratic papers in the HId District for Congress. He will run against Major Straight. Donnelly's platform is understood to be free trade, flat money, anti-monopoly, the grangers' movement, railway supervision, lots of warehouses and elevators, anything and everything likely to catch the farmers' vote. Donnelly has boxed the political compass in a most skifful manner. He has probably belonged to more political parties and joined and deserted each organization a greater number of times than any other man in the Northwest. money, anti-monopoly, the grangers' movement, railway

A DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE IN ILLINOIS. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., May 11.-Carter H. Harrison, in the opinion of many of the best informed Demo-cratic politicians of the State, is thought to be out of the Illinois contest for Governor and John H. Oberly, of Bloomington, who for the last two years has been Editor of The Daily Bulletin of this city, will be the candidate. Oberly the leading Democrat in Illinois, but has always done more to advance the interests of his friends than to help himself. He has in the past few weeks been gaining ground, and it is now conceded by all that he will be the nominee of the Democrats who meet in convention at Peoris on July 2. Harrison wants to go to Congress, and his friends say that he is determined not to make the race for the Governorship against so strong a candidate as Oclesby.

BEVERLY TUCKER ON POLITICS.

SEEKING INFORMATION RATHER THAT GIVING IT-CANDIDATES.

At the New-York Hotel a day or two ago, a TRIBUNE reporter sent in his card to Beverly Tucker, of Virginia, and was promptly accorded an invitation to walk up to his room.

"I am delighted to see you, sir," said the Virginian. "The fact is, I should have been down to see you if you had not called. I came over from Washington especially to make calls on you gentlemen of the press. The truth is I want to interview you on politics. I am dying to know the situation. Tell me all about it."

With the tables thus turned the reporter could only out when properly approached, he could only obey the rule, and he asked Mr. Tucker what he specially desired to know.

"I want to know," said Mr. Tucker, "who is going to be nominated for President. Here it is thirty days bet one convention and sixty days before the other, and noth ing crystallized in either party."

The reporter hinted mildly that with all estimates giving Blaine from 340 to 380 delegates, some little crystallization had been going on, to which the Virginian

"Ah, yes, my boy; but that is not enough to nominate; and the deuce of it is, I am afraid it won't be. Then, too, Mr. Blaine is not a candidate. How do I know! Why, we are fellow authors. He has just finished his first volume; I am eathering data for my single volume of thirty years' reminiscences. I called on him the other day. I said to him laughingly, '3r. Blaine, the Richmond Straight-out Convention will be in your favor, and if its delegates are admitted at Chicago that means twenty-two votes for you.' Says he, 'That's all right, Beverly, but Prn not a candidate; here is my life,' and he reached over and picked up a copy of his book; 'what do you say to this if' and he read me a page and then a chapter. So I say I know he is not a candidate. I can tell you, though, if Wickham and the Straight-outs are not admitted at Chicago there will be trouble in Virginia. There are two kinds of Democrats talking about Blaine at the present lime, One class want him nominated because they be lieve he is the easiest man to beat. The other class want him nominated because they like him, regard him with admiration, believe him the greatest man in his party, the broadest-ainded and most liberal, and, if a kicpaulican is to be elected, as may happen, prefer him to any other Republican. I belong to the latter class myself, What I am afraid of is that he will fail, as he did before. But he is hearer it this time, and it may be the third time will bear the charm." "Ah, yes, my boy; but that is not enough to nominate;

A BRIDEGROOM FATALLY SHOT. A MAN IN LOVE WITH HIS STEP-DAUGHTER SHOOTS

HER RUSBAND.

THY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] WHEELING, W. Va., May 11 .- Edward Taylor, age twenty-two, living in Grant County, W. Vs., was shot and mortally wounded yesterday in Petersburg, beside his bride, to whom he had only been married a few hours. The shooting was done by Law-Spiller, whose step-daughter married. The match was bitterly opposed by spiller and yesterday morning the young woman, who is only sixteen, met Taylor by appointment and ran off with him The marraige was soiemnized, and the couple proceeded to Petersburg and secured quarters at the hotel. Spiller traced them, and upon ascertaining by means of the register the number of their room, asked the bell boy to net him to the apartment, intimating it was his room The boy suspected nothing wrong, and did as requested when Speller arrived at the room he broke open the door and entered. He pulled his step-daughter out of bed and then shot Taylor when only three feet away. The assassin fied, and has so far cluded arrest. Taylor's in juries are necessarily fatal. Spiller has on a number occasions shown his jealousy of his step-daughter, and it is thought that he was in love with her himself.

STEALING WABASH TICKETS.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. I DETROIT, May 11 .- A man about thirty years old entered Lindenberger & Co.'s office, at No. 72 Wood-ward-ave., on April 1, and offered for sale two unlimmed tickets on the Wabash and Baltimore and Ohlo Short Line from Detroit to Chicago. The tickets were bought by the broker at \$6 each, the regular fare being \$8. A day or two later five tickets of the same kind and over the same route were purchased by the firm Subsequently the man returned again, and F. T. Linden berger recognized him as the person who sold him the two tickets. The man had three more Wabash and Baltimore tickets for sale, and they were bought withou general agent of the Wabash, and was instructed to go on as usual, and buy all their tickets which were offered A special officer was put in charge of the case. On April A special officer was put in charge of the case. On April 17 the suspected person called again and offered a second-class ticket over the Wabash, which Lindenberger perceived was one which he had sold two days before. This ticket gave the desired indication of the train upon which the tickets were supposed to be stolen, which was thought to be the night train from Detroit to Chicago. A watch was set. In the meanwhile the man who sold the tickets to Lindenberger was shadowed to Chicago where the detectives lost sight of him.

Another version of the affair is that the suspected conductor was quietly arrested, but no proof being obtainable against him, he was discharged from the service. ductor was quietly arrested, but no proof being obt ble against him, he was discharged from the service.

FAILURE OF GRAIN DEALERS. CHICAGO, May 11 .- A dispatch to The Daily News from Carmi, Ill., saysSauterman & Stewart, grain dealers, of Grayville, have failed; liabilities, \$50,000;

RENTENCED 10 BE HANGED. SHREVEPORT, May 11.—Berry Johnson, the wife lever, has been sentenced to death.

EFFORTS TO COMMUNICATE WITH GENERAL GORDON

-TROUBLES AT ALEXANDRIA. LONDON, May 11 .- The Italian Government will support the demands of France in the Egyptian Conference to the effect that the conference shall have power to discuss fully the question of the international control of Egypt.

El Diritto declares that France has such serious interests to protect that she cannot leave them to the arbitrary will of England. The concurrence of Italy in measures to engage the attention of the conference will be useful and necessary to both Powers.

THE MESSAGE TO THE BRITISH GENERAL. CAIRO, May 11 .- Attempts are now being made to send messengers to General Gordon by all routes, including Massowah, with Earl Granville's message of April 24, asking Gordon how many troops he re-quires, but not positively promising any assistance.

SOLDIERS FIGHTING WITH BEDOUINS. Outbreaks between the soldiers and natives are of daily occurrence. On Friday a fight occurred outside of Alexandria, between a party of English soldiers and a number of Bedonins from Lake Mareotis, in which several were killed. The Arabs around Assonan have received a message from El Mahdi, and threaten to revolt.

THE LACROSSE PLAYERS ABROAD. THEY REACH QUEENSTOWN IN GOOD SPIRITS-THE AUSTRAL'S QUICK TRIP.

IBT CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.1 QUEENSTOWN, May 11 .- The Anchor Line steamship Austral arrived here this morning, with the American Lacrosse Team on board. The members of the team are in good spirits. The voyage was a rough one, but the vessel was so steady that the passengers had no inconvenience. Hodge, of Princeton, who was ill on starting, is now convalescent. The lacrosse players are much pleased at the extra day for practice gained by the Austral's quick trip of seven days, four hours. The Austral beat the Celtic and Arizona.

EX-PRESIDENT DIAZ ON WASHINGTON. MEXICANS AND AMERICANS EXCHANGE FRIENDLY

SENTIMENTS AT THE BANQUET TABLE. CITY OF MEXICO, May 11, via Galveston.-Last night a banquet was given by the City Council to the Board of Directors of the Mexican Central Railway, at which 140 guests were present. The banquet was presided over by Señor Guillermo Valle, president of the Council. On his right sat ex-President Diaz and on his left Mr. Rotch, of Boston. Señor Valle made a speech congratulating the country on the completion of the road. President Nickerson was absent, owing to illness, but his speech was read in Spanish and English A member of the party from Boston, in the name of his companions, proposed the following toast: Porfirio Diaz, who, like Washington, is first in the hearts of his countrymen." President Diaz was much moved. With tears in his eyes and with his voice choked with emotion, he replied, while avowing his unworthiness, that the compliment was the greatest it was possible to pay any man in any language, because comparison was made with one who was not only the most eminent of American citizens, but, taken all in all, was the greatest man the world ever saw. He spoke of his friendship for Americans, and compared it in extent to the compliment paid him. considered that one of the greatest acts of his life was the signing of the Mexican Central Railroad concession, and the completion of the road had vindicated his judgment. He foretold the success of the road, and concluded by tendering the thanks of

the road, and concluded by tendering the thanks of Mexico to the Boston capitalists for the benefits conferred upon the country by them.

Ex-Governor Rice made a happy speech, comparing the luxury of journeying in Pullman cars with the former modes of travel, and proclaiming the consummation of Humboldt's prediction that the table-lands of Mexico would become the great thoroughfare from the North to the South.

Many other addresses were made, and much cordiality was shown. The banquet lasted until 12 o'clock.

Ramon Fernandez, the new Minister, to France.

o'clock.

Ramon Fernandez, the new Minister to France, left here last night on a special car over the Mexican Central Railway. He will pass through Kansas City and Chicago to New-York. A large number of friends accompany him to El Paso.

FRANCE AND CHINA AT PEACE, A TREATY SIGNED RECOGNIZING A FRENCH PRO

TECTORATE OVER TONQUIN AND ANAM. LONDON, May 12,-Advices from Tien-tsin say that Captain Fournier, acting in behalf of the French Government, and Li Hung Chang, for China, have signed a treaty under provisions of which China recognizes a French protectorate over Tonquin and Anam, with the existing frontiers. It stipulates that the contracting parties shall together regulate the customs police on the frontier. The provinces of Quang-tung, Kuang-hi and Yun-Nan will be opened to general trade. No indemnity is to be paid to

M. PORTEVIN TO BE RECALLED. Parts, May 11 .- The decision of the Foreign Affairs Disciplinary Committee in the case of Portevin, ammoned before them to answer charges of unpatriotic

summoned before them to answer charges of unpatriotic language, is unfavorable to M. Portevin, who will be recalled from his office of Secretary of the French Consulate in New-York.

M. Portevin will not hereafter be permitted to return to New-York, but when allowed to resume office in the Consular Department will be sent to Dantzie. Radical papers selze upon this incident to make an attack upon the system of official appointments as a legacy of the Empire. Chief Consul Le Faivre is det ounced as having been consul at Munich under the Empire, and M. Montreni, who served under MacMahon, and is now at New-York, as being an Opportunist.

A BRITISH SHIP SUNK. Loxpox, May 11 -The British bark George Bewley, Captain Hammond, from Liverpool for Chili-came into collision with the British ship Tuskar, Captain Grover. The latter was sunk. There of her crew were

IRISH NATIONALISTS DISPERSED. DUBLIN, May 11 .- Four thousand Nationalists gathered to-day at Abbeyfeale, notwithstanding the Government had problatmed the meeting. The police and military were present in large force, and soon dis-persed the crowd.

LAWLESS TRIBES IN RUSSIA. St. Petersburg, May 11.—The Schaheswans, a band of Persian nomads, have plundered several vilalso attacked the Government surveyors at Maganer Steppe, and forced them to suspend work. The nomads have also been bold enough to attack the Cossack plokets. The Russian Commissary Department seems powerless to prevent these occasional raids.

MARY ANDERSON CHEERED IN GLASGOW. LONDON, May 11 .- Miss Mary Anderson's farewell performance at Glasgow last night was given before a crowded audience. She was heartily cheered as she left the depot for Manchester.

MR. WALLACE'S LEAVE OF ABSENCE. CONSTANTINOPLE, May 11.-Mr. Wallace, the American Munister, will soon return to the United THE GREELY RELIEF REWARD.

LONDON, May 11 .- Mr. Lowell sent to the Foreign Office a copy of the Navy Department circular offering a reward for the discovery and relief of the Gree-ly party, with fine request that it should be published as widely as possible. A SON BORN TO A PRINCESS.

Madrid, May 11 .- The Infanta Maria-della-Paz, sister of King Alphonso and wife of Prince Louis Ferdinand of Bavaria, to-day gave birth to a son. PARALYZED BY LIGHTNING. HALIFAX, May 11 .- In a thunder-storm on

daughter this morning. Clark was not severely injured but the girl was struck in the temple, and it is feared, fatally hurt. A family feud was the cause of the shooting. Wall was arrested at St. Catharine's and brought here. James Findlay, a printer, was also arrested, charged with being his accomplice.

THE NORTHWESTERN CAR COMPANY.

EXPECTED TO PAY ITS DEBTS IN FULL.

THE RECEIVER THINKS THE CONCERN IS MAKING MONEY-ERRORS IN MANAGEMENT. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] St. PAUL, May 11.-The general belief is that the

Northwestern Car Company will overcome its

troubles and pay dollar for dollar. Mr. Brown, the receiver, is an old and careful business man, and all confidence is placed in him. Mr. Brown will require possession of the car company's works immediately, and will set about obtaining an inventory of all the property of the concern without delay. This property includes not only the commercial paper held by the company, the enormous plant and the large amount of material on hand at the works, but will also embrace small lots of machinery scattered throughout the country in the hands of numerous agents. Mr. Brown stated that he will arrange matters so as to pay off all the hands on May 15. After this pay-day the shops will be shut down for three or four days, possibly a week, so that the inventory may be taken with better facility. The suspension of labor will be only temporary, and solely for the purpose named. The receiver thinks that it will take him at least two or three months to obtain all the information necessary for a complete and accurate setting forth of the assets and liabilities of the company. The law requires the statement in such cases to be filed within a specified number of days from the time of the appointment of a receiver, but in view of the vastness of the affairs of this concern, the necessary extensions of the time of filing will doubtless be granted by the court.

The failure was hastened by a directors' meeting on Saturday morning. Nothing was said at this meeting of a receivership, but it was understood that the suspension of the Marine Bank and of Grant & Ward had ruined the prospec of securing a large loan of upwards of \$750,000, and that the company was in a strait. C. D. Gil fillan, the first vice-president of the company, and a stockholder to the amount of \$100,000 decided after the meeting to see the books, and the examination was such that he applied in the afternoon for a receiver.

The receiver says the company, if it had kept its affairs separate from outside business matters, would be in a thoroughly sound condition to-day. As to the outside business matters, he declined to speak. He said the concern was making money and only needed time to come out all right. If the negotiations for money had been completed the concern would have been able to carry its operations on till the fall collections began to come in and a receivership would not have been heard of. He says that Sabin undoubtedly would lose heavily in this matter, but he would not lose all he had. Mr. Brown said that he would have to act, of course, under the instructions of the Court, but his idea would be to continue operations, running close to orders for goods and without any unnecessary expenses. When Mr. Sabin was last in St. Paul, a meeting

of the directors was held in the Merchants' Hotel. Messrs, Sabin and Gilfillan had a conference also. and as it was known that the views of the latter coincided with those of H. H. Porter, of Chicago, and formerly president of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Rail-road. It was decided that one of two should be adopted. The plans plan and the one which was on trial when the Eastern banking troubles occurred was to appoint a suitable trustee, who would negotiate in the East a large loan. Mr. Lawrence, of the First National Bank of Chicago, was chosen as this to liabilities as shown in Mr. Gilfillan's interview. The monetary depression in the East prevented the success of the negotiations for a loan, and that necessitates the carrying out of the second plau-the appointment of a receiver.

C. D. Gilfillan went to Stillwater yesterday fully prepared to take the step he did and as fully convinced that it was the one most likely to secure the end desired. The payment of every dollar of indebtedness and the ultimate rise of the preferred stock until it shall sell above par. Said Mr. Gilfillan: "Senator Sabin has a great Said Mr. Gilfillan: "Senator Sabin has a great deal of activity and executive force, but he does business in a loose way. He is engaged in I don't know how many schemes, and it is not impossible that some of them may go down. He is interested in so many concerns that it is impossible to tell just how he stands. He is connected with a company which owns 30,000 to 40,000 acres of hard wood back of Hudson, and to which a railroad has been built, also the Duinth Iron Works, which, however, have been closed for some time, and with a manufactory east of Elroy, Wisconsin, which turns out eight or ten tons of iron a day, and which controls three to four thousand acres of good land rented as farms. If these companies should go down the general effect would not be serious, since they do business on small margins."

THE STATE OF FLORIDA DISASTER.

CAPTAIN MUNRO, OF THE CITY OF ROME, REFUSES TO TALK ABOUT IT.

The steamship City of Rome arrived at Quaran tine about 10 o'clock last night and cast anchor for the night. She will come up to the company's pier this morning. On her arrival she was met by the tug Goodwin, with the Henderson brothers, the agents of the line, on board. A TRIBUNE reporter, who went on board, was unable TRIBUNE reporter, who went on board, was unable to obtain any information from Captain R. D. Munro, the commander, with regard to the sighting of the bark which had the survivors of the sunken steamship State of Florida on board on the City of Rome's last trip. He positively declined to have anything to say on the subject, having been instructed by the agents, it was said, to be "mum."

"Can you tell me how near you were to the bark when you sighted her?" an officer was asked.

He put his hands to his lips significantly, and replied "I cannot say."

THE ARCADE IN OSWEGO BURNED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Oswego, May 11 .- The Arcade, the finest block in the city, is now burning. The fire began between 11 and 12 in the third story, and rapidly spread over the entire upper story. The building is owned by Mrs. D. P. Judson. The building is owned by Mrs. D. P. Judson. The building was valued at \$60,000, and carried an insurance of about \$32,000. The policies on the building are principally held in the Utlea agencies of New-York companies. It is impossible at this hour to give the losses correctly, as most of the occupants of the first floor got out a large quantity of their goods in a damaged condition.

Few of the occupants of the second and third floors saved any thing. W. W. Green, whose law office and lodging room were on the third floor, has not been seen since the fire broke out, and it is thought that he suffocated before escape could be made.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO MAN AND WIFE. DUBUQUE, Iowa, May 11 .- Mathias Fritz and wife went out during last night, and their team ran away. Both were thrown violently to the ground, the woman being killed outright and the man fatally hurt.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Friday a house at Beach Meadows was struck by lightning. Mrs. Wharton, age eighty, was paralyzed, and is
not expected to recover. Several other occupants of the
house were injured.

THE CUBAN FILIBUSTERS.

KEY WEST, May 11.—Castro has positively left
here, probably for Nassau, where he will be joined by the
balance of the filibusters now here. This party will include all that are at present ready to start.

A CHILD FATALLY SHOT IN A QUARKEL.

HAMILTON, Ont., May 11.—James Wall shot
his brother-in-law, Samuel Clark and the latter's little

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

SPARRING WITH SOFT GLOVES.

CHICAGO, May 11.—James Goode, an English pugilist, with John Sanders, a rallroad
brakeman, a man of great strength and some science,
foode exhibited the qualities of a hard and skilful hitter,
but was unable to knock his antagonist out. Goode is the
man in whose behalf "Parson" Davies accepted John L.
Sullivan's challenge to epar in Cincunsati.

LOUISIANA ELECTION CONTESTS.

NEW-ORLEANS, May 11.—A special to The Times-Democraf from Baton Rouge says: "Contests have been filed
with the Secretary of State in the cases of one Senator
and five Representatives, on the ground that the recent

PRICE THREE CENTS.

WHAT IS MR. HEWITT AT? SOME SORT OF A TARIFF BILL PROMISED

MR. HEWITT RETICENT AND EVASIVE-A SPIRITLESS CONFERENCE OF FREE TRADERS.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.) WASHINGTON May 11 .- A new tariff bill will be introduced in the House to-morrow by Mr. Hewitt, the principles of which are the simplification of the present machinery for the collection of the revenue and an enlargement of the free list. Mr. Hewitt declined to-day to make public the text of his bill, "because," as he prudently remarked, "he might change his mind over night, and add to it or take from it as he saw fit." He denied that there had been any conference at his house yesterday with reference to this bill, or that he had consuited others regarding it. This is strange, for from other sources it is learned that there were present at the meeting last night Messrs. Blount, Blackburn, Morrison and Herbert, and that these gentlemen, together with others who did not go, received written

invitations to attend the conference. Mr. Hewitt asked the advice of his friends upor the course he proposed to take. With singular unanimity, it is understood, they declared that they did not care what he did in the matter, and that they preferred that he should act upon his own rethey preferred that he should act upon his own responsibility rather than that of the Ways and
Means Committee. Mr. Morrison expressed the
opinion to-night that Mr. Hewitt would probably
add to the free list contained in the late horizontal
reduction bill such articles as tin plates, lead ore,
certain drugs, perhaps, and chemicals. He also
thought that Mr. Hewitt contemplated to include
in his bill a provision for the abolition of the tax on
tobacco. The talk at the "conference," he said was
desultory in character, and no conclusions were
reached. In fact, a good deal of indifference on the
subject under discussion seems to have been manifested.

The "toddy" served by the host apparently left a better impression upon the chairman of the Ways and Means Committee than the opinions of his colleagues, for he recurred to it at different times in the course of the conversation, and always dwelt on this part of the "conference" with special pleasure. Speaker Carlisle said he knew nothing of the conference beyond what he had seen in the papers. He had understood that such a meeting was to be held, but he had not been invited to attend it.

THE INDIAN AS A PUPIL.

WHAT VISITORS LEARNED AT CARLISLE.

SAVAGE CHILDREN TAKING KINDLY TO THE SCHOOL ROOM AND WORK-SHOP.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, May 11 .- Yesterday a party of fifty, including members of the Senate and House Com-mittees on Indian Affairs, went to Carlisle, Penn., to risit the Indian school there, which was organized in 1879 by Captain R. H. Pratt, who is now its superitendent. In the school there are now 325 boys and 130 girls, of lages ranging from eighteen to twenty. They represent thirtyseven tribes. Among the most recent arrivals are forty-two young Apaches and ten Pueblos from Arizona. They are children of the Indians captured by General Crook. Some of them speak Spanish, and the little English they know has been learned in the school. Captain Pratt is not an enthusiast beyond the point of common sense. He believes emphatically in the capability and possibility of the Indian of whatever tribe or condition. V to the school-rooms and work-shops away with the impression that he in part at least succeeded in solving the problem of making a useful citizen of the Indian. His wife is in full sympathy with the work, and her gentle, quiet power and womanly tact are invaluable aids in the discipline of

the children and encouragment of the teachers. THE INDIAN YOUTH AS A PENMAN. The school system is half-day work and half-day study. The children show a natural talent for drawing, and excel in penmanship, and in this regard are much like colored children, but, unlike the latter, the Indian excels in mathematics. The pupils are each required to write one letter a month to their parents or friends, and some of the let-ters written by boys and girls of twelve and fourteen have been a revelation to the pale-faced visitors, both in penmanship and the command of language. A letter written by a Cheyenne boy of sixteen, who had been in trustees. As a further part of the school three years, would be a credit to the same plan, a first-class financial man was to be secured, placed in charge at Sidlwater, with power through the regular grades of the public school. to systematize the accounts of the company and dis- It is a fact that in every letter shown to the visitors, and cover exactly the proportion of receipts to a large number was examined, the spelling was found inand girls would pass the Civil Service requirements easily.

TAILORING AND SHOEMAKING. The pupils make their own clothing. The boys take kindly, almost naturally, to tailoring; and at this there are seventeen apprentices working at this trade. Both boys and girls are skiful at machine work and do all kinds of machine sewing with much facility. One young Sioux of sixteen, brought from Rose-bud Agency last November was found making a pair of trousers and putting excellent work on them. The way stockings were darned was a surprise to the official visitors, who were not familiar with such fine handleraft. The mending commonly termed patching was just as neatly done as the darning.

In the past year thirty-one pairs of boots and 358 pairs of shoes were made in their shop, and the average of boots and shoes repaired every month is 150 pairs. The young fellows take to the shoe bench as readily and naturally as to tailoring, though in tailoring not one of them can be induced to sit cross-legged.

The bakery is in charge of a young Arappahoe and two apprentices. All the bread is baked by them. There are eleven apprentices in the harness aboy; the same number in the carpenter shop; eight at discksmithing, seven in the this shop, six at printing and two at painting. Harness, wagons and theware are sent to the agencies in the Marness, wagons and theware are sent to the agencies in the Marness, wagons and the way as a point of the progress made by the children. facility. One young Sioux of sixteen, brought from Rose-

shildren. In the past year eleven spring wagons have been nade and 200 sets of harness, besides as many bridles

and halters each.

FARM WORK AS AN EDUCATOR. Those who work on the farm connected with the school do their work as well as those at trades. During the

summer many of the older boys and girls go to the farmers in the State and work for wages. They have so far given entire satisfaction. There are now 150 working on farms.

It is said this experience gives them a knowledge of It is said this experience gives them a knowledge of home life, better knowledge of the language and of the ways of the world and renders them more self-reliant. It has been said that the Indian has no music in his soul. At Carlisle there is a fairly good brass band of twelve pieces, and the musicians are all under eigateen. Many of them sing quite well and readily eatch the tune. The children's worship to not limited to any creed, but the older boys attend any church they prefer in the town. The younger children go to a Sunday-school, and are required to repeat the Lord's Prayer.

THE CHASE AFTER HOFORNESS.

MILES CITY, Mont, May 11 .- Deputy Sheriff James Cooley returned last night from the pursuit of Hoforness, the cowboy who shot at Black Wolf. The fugitive had a fleet horse, and at last accounts crossed the Wyoming line bound for Nebraska. Two warrants were issued for him, and he was indicted a week ago by the Grand Jury for assault with intent to week ago by the Grand Jury for assault with intent to kill. When Senator Dawes offered his resolution in the Senate a few days ago calling on the Secretary of the Interior for information as to whether anything had been done looking to the punishment of Hoforness, he was mistaken when he said that the cowboy's bullet, fired at Biack Wolf's hat, went through the Indian's head, as he was unharmed. The burning of the range of Lame Deer Creek, for which he was tried and acquitted last week, grew out of the excitement caused by Hoforness's crime.

CAVING IN OF THREE ACRES OF GROUND.

CLEVELAND, May 11 .- A dispatch to The Herald, from Zanesville, Ohio, says that town has been in an excited state to-day over a supposed earthquake near Blandy-ave., in the Fourth Ward. At 10 o'clock this merning a terrific report was heard and about three acres of ground sank several feet, carrying with it a number of houses, all of which were badly damaged. The inhabitants in the vicinity were panic-stricken. A flasure was opened to the depth of about 150 feet, and the only plausible theory is that several deserted coalmines caved in. No loss of lite is re-

STATE OFFICERS ENJOINED.

DES MOINES, May 11 .- Five thousand dollars was appropriated by the Legislature at the last session to assist the Farmers' Protective Association in its suite against Washburn & Moen, the barbed wire manufacturers. Yesterday Frank Mason, the manager of the Merchauts' Union Barbed-Wire Company, appeared before the Circuit Court and asked for an injunction restraining the State Auditor from Issuing a warrant, and the State Treasurer from paying the money, and prohibiting the Farmers' Association from receiving it. Mr. Mason gave an approved bond in the sum of \$1,000 and an injunction was issue.